

**UNITED ARAB EMIRATES**
**Elemental mercury imports and exports**
**Data source:** UN DESA/ESD/UNSD - Comtrade statistics - downloaded 11Apr2006

**Tarif system:** SITC rev.2

**Tarif code:** 52216

**Filter:** Trade value ≥ \$US 0

**Comments:**

Period	Exporting partner countries		Target country:				Importing partner countries			
			United Arab Emirates							
		Reported exports to target country		Reported imports from partner country (on left)		Reported exports to partner country (on right)		Reported imports from target country		
Year	Country name	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Country name
1995	Germany	148	2000							
1995	Netherlands	414	4375							
1995	United Kingdom	52	3170							
1996	Switzerland	3	625							
1996	United Kingdom	97	4285							
1997	Germany	41	576					152	4737	Zambia
1997	Japan	203	3967							
1997	Netherlands	2125	7179							
1997	Singapore	859	5050							
1997	United Kingdom	10	9004							
1998	France	1125	509							
1998	Japan	203	3655							
1998	Netherlands	898	10099							
1998	Rep. of Korea	78	1800							
1998	Singapore	859	4485							
1999	Japan	378	8519					304	724	United Rep. of Tanzania
1999	Netherlands	66	1449							
1999	Spain	515	2529							
1999	United Kingdom	1	2557							
2000	Japan	238	5724					136	959	Yemen
2000	Spain	199	1616							
2000	United Kingdom	32	7427							
2001	India	101	2038					574	1345	Yemen
2001	Spain	1250	6677							
2001	Switzerland	8	829							
2001	United Kingdom	2687	13325							

See last page for explanation of table entries

**UNITED ARAB EMIRATES**
**Elemental mercury imports and exports**
**Data source:** UN DESA/ESD/UNSD - Comtrade statistics - downloaded 11Apr2006

**Tarif system:** SITC rev.2

**Tarif code:** 52216

**Filter:** Trade value ≥ \$US 0

**Comments:**

Period	Exporting partner countries		Target country: United Arab Emirates				Importing partner countries			
			Reported exports to target country		Reported imports from partner country (on left)				Reported exports to partner country (on right)	
Year	Country name	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Kg mercury	Value (\$US)	Country name
2002	Germany	35	910					25500	62459	India
2002	India	33	742					265	1450	Pakistan
2002	Japan	171	3278							
2002	Netherlands	597	3779							
2002	United Kingdom	406	5839							
2002	USA	125	2919							
2003	Germany	31	1000					191	8749	Greece
2003	Netherlands	1125	7923							
2003	Yemen	750	2611							
2004	Yemen (re-export)	750	2611							
2004	Czech Rep.	97	2397					6000	136075	India
2004	India	12000	2238							
2004	Singapore	550	5636							
2004	Spain	8625	79501							

### ***Explanation of table entries -***

The purpose of the table above is to summarize all of the basic statistics for imports and exports of elemental mercury to and from the "target" country during 1995-2005. On the date of 11 April 2006, when these statistics were retrieved from the Comtrade database, the database was thought to be quite incomplete for the year 2005, mostly complete for the year 2004, and quite complete for previous years.

The six columns on the left side of this table present mercury flows from other countries into the target country. These six columns include four columns with details of the mercury import flows into the target country – two columns for reported mercury quantity, and two columns for reported mercury value. The rationale for presenting these four columns is quite simple. For a variety of reasons, the trade flow of mercury between the partner country (second column on the left) and the target country may have been recorded (and reported to Comtrade) by the partner country, by the target country, or by both countries. Regardless of which country or countries submitted trade statistics to the Comtrade database, and regardless of the details of the statistics submitted, all statistics concerning mercury flows into the target country are included in the left side of this table.

The five columns on the right side of this table list mercury flows from the target country into other countries. These five columns include four columns with details of the mercury export flows from the target country to each partner country (far right column) – two columns for reported mercury quantity, and two columns for reported mercury value. As described above, different countries may have submitted different sets of trade statistics to Comtrade. Regardless of which country or countries submitted trade statistics to the Comtrade database, and regardless of the details of the statistics submitted, all statistics concerning mercury flows leaving the target country are included in the right side of this table.

It is therefore possible that statistics submitted by some trade partners are not the same as those submitted by the target country. If the discrepancies are large, it could be useful for the reporting agencies of the partner country and the target country to compare their records in order to better understand the details of the mercury trade between their two countries. In the interest of improving its own understanding of global mercury trade and statistical challenges, UNEP Chemicals would be pleased to receive explanations of any such discrepancies investigated by the reporting agencies, as appropriate.